## Day 5 Homework

Use your calculator on problems 7-11 only.

- 1. If  $x = e^{2t}$  and  $y = \sin(3t)$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of t.
- 2. Write an integral expression to represent the length of the path described by the parametric equations  $x = \cos^3 t$  and  $y = \sin^2 t$  for  $0 \le t \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
- 3. For what value(s) of t does the curve given by the parametric equations  $x = t^3 t^2 1$  and  $y = t^4 + 2t^2 8t$  have a vertical tangent?
- 4. For any time  $t \ge 0$ , if the position of a particle in the xy-plane is given by  $x = t^2 + 1$  and  $y = \ln(2t + 3)$ , find the acceleration vector.
- 5. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve given by the parametric equations  $x(t) = 3t^2 4t + 2$  and  $y(t) = t^3 4t$  at the point on the curve where t = 1.
- 6. If  $x(t) = e^t + 1$  and  $y = 2e^{2t}$  are the equations of the path of a particle moving in the xy-plane, write an equation for the path of the particle in terms of x and y.
- 7. A particle moves in the xy-plane so that its position at any time t is given by  $x = \cos(5t)$  and  $y = t^3$ . What is the speed of the particle when t = 2?
- 8. The position of a particle at time  $t \ge 0$  is given by the parametric equations  $x(t) = \frac{(t-2)^3}{3} + 4$  and  $y(t) = t^2 4t + 4$ .
  - (a) Find the magnitude of the velocity vector at t = 1.
  - (b) Find the total distance traveled by the particle from t = 0 to t = 1.
  - (c) When is the particle at rest? What is its position at that time?
- 9. An object moving along a curve in the *xy*-plane has position (x(t), y(t)) at time  $t \ge 0$  with  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 1 + \tan(t^2)$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 3e^{\sqrt{t}}$ . Find the acceleration vector and the speed of the object when t = 5.
- 10. A particle moves in the xy-plane so that the position of the particle is given by  $x(t) = t + \cos t$  and  $y(t) = 3t + 2\sin t$ ,  $0 \le t \le \pi$ . Find the velocity vector when the particle's vertical position is y = 5.
- 11. An object moving along a curve in the xy-plane has position (x(t), y(t)) at time t with  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2\sin(t^3)$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = \cos(t^2)$  for  $0 \le t \le 4$ . At time t = 1, the object is at the position (3, 4).
  - (a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the curve at (3, 4).
  - (b) Find the speed of the object at time t = 2.
  - (c) Find the total distance traveled by the object over the time interval  $0 \le t \le 1$ .
  - (d) Find the position of the object at time t = 2.